

令和2年度個別学力検査問題
(国際資源学部, 教育文化学部, 医学部保健学科)

英 語

前 期 日 程

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで, この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子は, 12 ページあります。解答用紙は 3 枚あります。問題は 3 題あります。3 題すべてに解答しなさい。
試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明, ページの乱丁・落丁および解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は, 手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
- 3 監督者の指示に従って, 解答用紙に受験番号を記入しなさい。
- 4 解答は, 解答用紙の該当欄に記入しなさい。
- 5 配付された解答用紙は持ち帰ってはいけません。
- 6 試験終了後, 問題冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

問題訂正 「英語」

- 大問 1 2 ページ 8 行目
Paragraph [4] の 3 行目

(誤) in 2020,

(正) in 2021,

- 同 4 ページ 問 5 2 行目

(誤) the educational system in 2020?

(正) the educational system?

I Read the passage below and answer the questions. For all the questions, write the letter (a), (b), (c), or (d), or the number (1), (2), (3), or (4), on your answer sheet.

[1] Nowadays in Japan, students start learning English in elementary school. In junior high school, almost 14% of lesson time is devoted to English! In most senior high schools, students have several English lessons a week, and some junior and senior high schools even have special English language programs. Universities offer English classes, most of which are taught in English, and in some universities you can (A) a degree using only English. Even outside school, there are many opportunities to learn English such as going to English conversation schools, or using the internet and various applications on smartphones.

[2] For years, researchers have recognized the importance of English learners' motivation. Motivation can be categorized as intrinsic and extrinsic motivation. Intrinsic motivation is the energy and positive passion that comes from within, such as when one chooses to do what they enjoy doing. For example, most English teachers love English, so they teach English. Their motivations come naturally from within. Extrinsic motivation, on the other hand, is the external energy coming from outside one's self. For example, even if you do not like English, you may study because you have entrance exams. When you were a child, you might have studied because otherwise your parents would scold you. However, are these the only reasons why students study English?

[3] Business leaders understand that English skills are important for competing in the global marketplace, therefore people with high scores on English tests such as Eiken and TOEIC often have an advantage while job hunting. Moreover, after you join a company, you will probably be expected to develop more **proficient** English skills, to get information from overseas for the

business, and a few Japanese companies like Rakuten use English instead of Japanese. In companies with overseas branches, you may be transferred to India, Canada, or Singapore and thus urgently need English skills. In some companies, you will not be promoted if you do not achieve a certain score on the TOEIC. Obviously, having high English skills puts an additional value on you.

[4] Since the government believes that English speaking workers can help improve the economy, it is pushing English on almost every educational level. University entrance examinations will be changed in 2020, including the English exams, with the goal of creating a new generation of Japanese able to actively use English. (1) Until the early 2010s, government policies called for a vocabulary of around 900 words for graduating junior high school students, but as part of its current English education goals, MEXT* currently recommends a target vocabulary of approximately 1,200 words. (2) Before graduating from senior high school, students were formerly expected to know 2,200 words of English, but now the objective is approximately 3,000 words. (3) Naturally, even greater changes will be carried out. In 2020, elementary school teaching of English will change again, and English will officially be a compulsory subject from the fifth year. (4)

[5] Given the increasing importance of English, (B) are also eager to give their children a chance to acquire English skills. English conversation schools offer “kids English classes,” and even “baby English classes,” in which (B) and one-year old babies play in English! More dramatically, families are sometimes separated when mother and child move to another area to attend a special English school, leaving the father behind. Some (B) even send their kids to junior and senior high schools overseas, investing a lot of money in their English education.

[6] In the end, what is most important is your motivation for studying English, especially now that you are an adult. Whether you have fun using English and find intrinsic motivation or are seeking to achieve some goal and thus are motivated by extrinsic factors, there are many opportunities now for you to learn English.

MEXT* = 「文部科学省」の略称。正式名称は, Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology

問 1 What title would be most appropriate for this article?

- (a) The Importance of English Conversation in Japan
- (b) How to Learn English
- (c) Reasons Why Japanese Study English
- (d) Japanese Government Seeks to Promote English Education

問 2 What is the most appropriate word to fill in (A) in Paragraph [1]?

- (a) accept (b) earn (c) give (d) reach

問 3 What is the purpose of Paragraph [2]?

- (a) to argue about which kind of motivation is more important, intrinsic or extrinsic
- (b) to explain why students should learn English
- (c) to show how teachers motivate their students to study English
- (d) to introduce two types of motivation in studying English

問 4 What does the word **proficient** in Paragraph [3] mean?

- (a) fluent (b) transferable (c) professional (d) business

問 5 According to Paragraph [4], what is the main goal of MEXT in changing the educational system in 2020?

- (a) increasing vocabulary to 3,000 words
- (b) increasing vocabulary beyond 3,000 words
- (c) training students to use English
- (d) getting all students to take the TOEIC

問 6 Choose the best place among (1), (2), (3), or (4) in Paragraph [4] to insert the following sentence.

The government is very serious about promoting English.

問 7 What is the most appropriate word to fill in (B) in Paragraph [5]?

- (a) experts
- (b) parents
- (c) fathers
- (d) teachers

問 8 According to the reading, which of the following is true?

- (a) Extrinsic motivation is most important.
- (b) Intrinsic motivation is most important.
- (c) Neither intrinsic nor extrinsic motivation is as important as vocabulary building.
- (d) Both intrinsic and extrinsic motivation are important.

問 9 According to the reading, which of the following is the best example of intrinsic motivation?

- (a) studying for the TOEIC for job hunting
- (b) attending university classes in English to get enough credits to graduate
- (c) going to English Conversation classes to improve TOEFL scores
- (d) dreaming of working as an English teacher so you can always use English

問10 According to the reading, Japanese students who do not like English

- _____.
- (a) would skip English classes
 - (b) should begin English in elementary school
 - (c) could still be extrinsically motivated
 - (d) might be intrinsically motivated

II Read the passage below and answer the questions. For all the questions, write the letter (a), (b), (c), or (d), or the number (1), (2), (3), or (4), on your answer sheet.

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出典：CBBC Newsround, February 25, 2019 (一部改変)

*¹ colour = color

*² £5 = 5 ポンド。£ は英国の通貨単位ポンド (pound) を示す記号

*³ note = 紙幣

*⁴ tonne = metric ton (=1,000 kg)

*⁵ to bin = 捨てる

*⁶ p = 英国の通貨単位ペニー (penny) を示す記号。1 ポンドの 100 分の 1

*⁷ nursery = 保育園

問 1 Which of the following is closest in meaning to **synthetic** in Paragraph [3]?

- (a) harmful to nature
- (b) not naturally made
- (c) useless
- (d) made over 100 years ago

問 2 Reading Paragraphs [2] and [3], which statement best matches the content?

- (a) The problem of plastic is the process of throwing it away.
- (b) It will probably take more than five trillion months to break plastic into pieces.
- (c) Plastic is very useful because it can take many forms and colors.
- (d) Plastic was first produced in the 1990s.

問 3 Fill in the () above Paragraph [4].

- (a) How do we use plastic?
- (b) The process of making plastic
- (c) What is the good way to use plastic?
- (d) Money and plastic

問 4 Which of the following is an example of single-use plastic?

- (a) a restaurant straw
- (b) a pencil case
- (c) a phone charging cable
- (d) all of the above

問 5 How much plastic is produced each year that is **NOT** single-use?

- (a) about 400 million tonnes
- (b) about 240 million tonnes
- (c) about 8 million tonnes
- (d) about 160 million tonnes

問 6 Which is the best summary for Paragraph [5]?

- (a) A huge amount of not easily recycled or biodegraded plastic is produced yearly.
- (b) Every day seven million cardboard coffee cups are thrown away.
- (c) Plastic enters the ocean in different ways such as the toilet.
- (d) Governments, businesses, and individuals should think about plastic's problems.

問 7 Fill in () in Paragraph [6].

- (a) Another issue is that not all plastic can be recycled
- (b) In other words, plastic cannot be returned to nature
- (c) We can actually recycle most of the plastic
- (d) In addition, plastic seems useful

問 8 Which of (1), (2), (3), or (4) should be taken out in Paragraph [7]?

問 9 According to the text, businesses and groups are cutting the amount of plastic used by _____.

- (a) stopping the use of glitter or reducing the use of £5 and £10 notes
- (b) stopping the use of toothpaste or only giving plastic straws when customers ask
- (c) making plastic-free packaging or stopping the use of nurseries
- (d) introducing paper straws or charging 5p for plastic carrier bags

問10 According to the article, _____.

- (a) there will soon be new paper £5 and £10 notes to help reduce plastic
- (b) the plastic in the ocean now weighs more than the amount of fish
- (c) animals are being hurt by eating or getting trapped in plastic
- (d) plastic damages the plants we eat, like fruits and vegetables

III Many people say that having a part-time job while studying at a university is good. Do you agree or disagree? **Answer in English in the space provided.**
Start by stating your opinion. Give three reasons for your opinion.